

## 牙髓病學 Endodontics

# The Art and Science of Cleaning and Shaping

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## 學習目標

All students must be familiar with the development of endodontic theory and practice and an evidence-based approach that permits an intelligent evaluation of current and future technologies and materials.

## 參考資料

- Principle of Endodontics Pathway of the pulp

## Summary

- Rationale of Endodontics  
Anatomy and Embryology of the Pulp  
Pretreatment and Rubber Dam
- Diseases of the Pulp
- Endodontic diagnosis and emergency management  
Endodontic Radiography
- Endodontic Instruments and materials
- The Art and Science of Cleaning and Shaping
- The device and application of the Ni-Ti instrument in the endodontic treatment
- The Art and Science of Obturation—
  - Vertical Compaction of Warm GP Technique
  - Lateral Compaction Technique

## Summary

- Surgical Endodontics
- Apexogenesis and Apexification
- Endodontic Traumatology
- Diagnosis and Management of Combined Perio-endo Problem  
Treatment planning /Endodontic Mishap /retreatment
- Apex Locator  
Tooth Bleaching
- Laser endodontics  
digital radiography / CT in Endodontic treatment
- 醫療環境與心理層面  
Treatment planning /Endodontic Mishap /retreatment

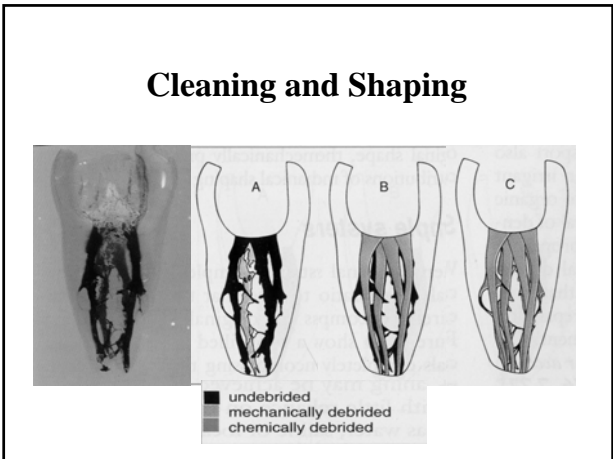
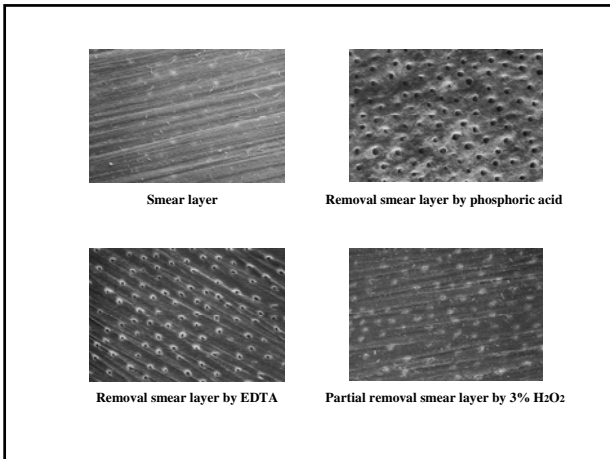
## Cleaning:

**The removal of  
the entire organic substrate from  
the root canal system**

## Shaping:

**The development of a  
logical cavity form  
that any dentist can fill**

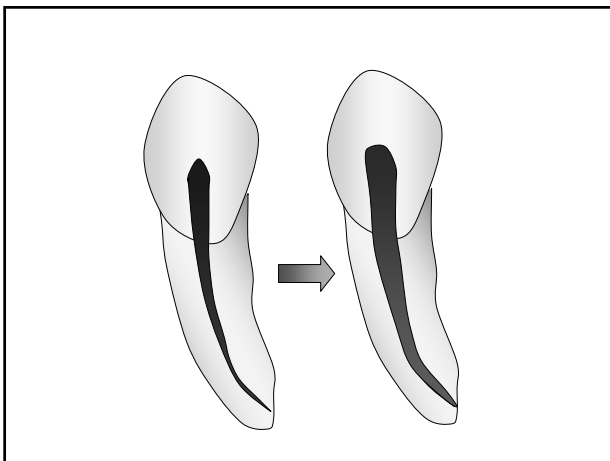
**Shaping facilitates cleaning**



## Schilder's Five Mechanical Objectives

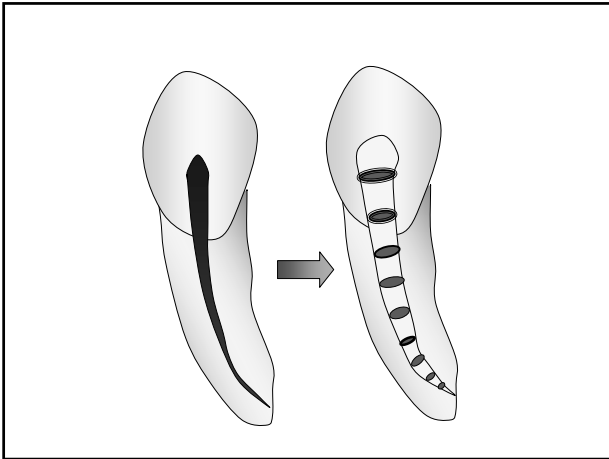
**1.**

The root canal preparation should develop a **continuously tapering funnel** from the coronal access cavity to the root apex



**2.**

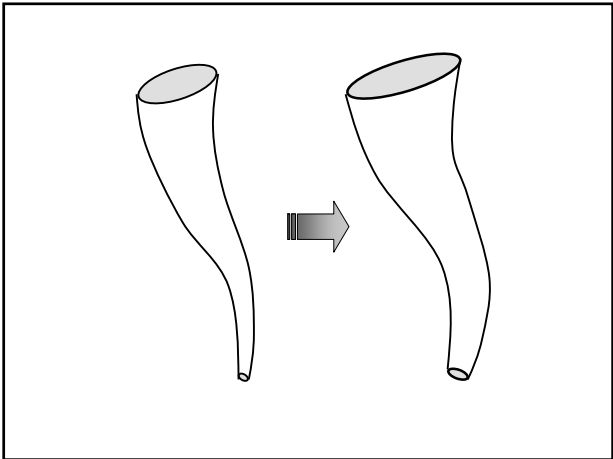
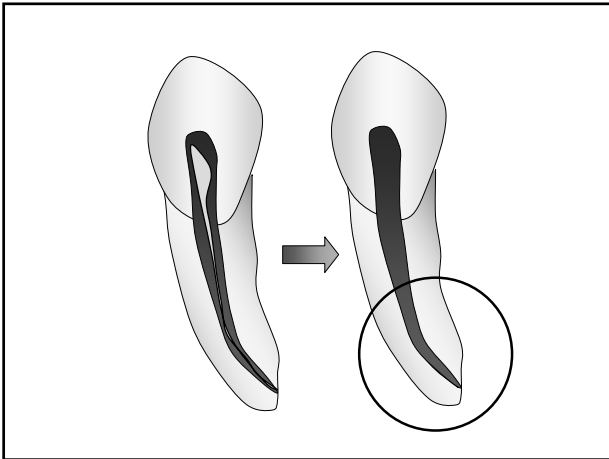
The cross sectional diameter of the preparation should be **narrower** at every point **apically** and **wider** at each point as the **access cavity** is approached



**3.**

The root canal preparation should occupy as many planes as are presented by the root canal system ; that is, multiple planes

The concept of **“flow”**



**4.\***

The apical foramen should remain in its original spatial relationship both to the bone and to the root surface

**DO NOT TRANSPORT THE FORAMEN**

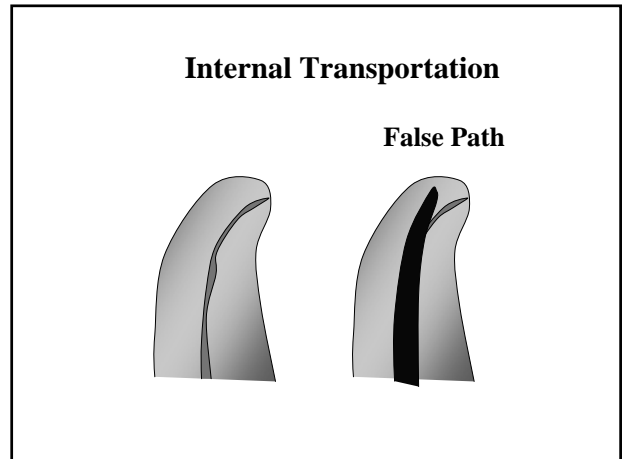
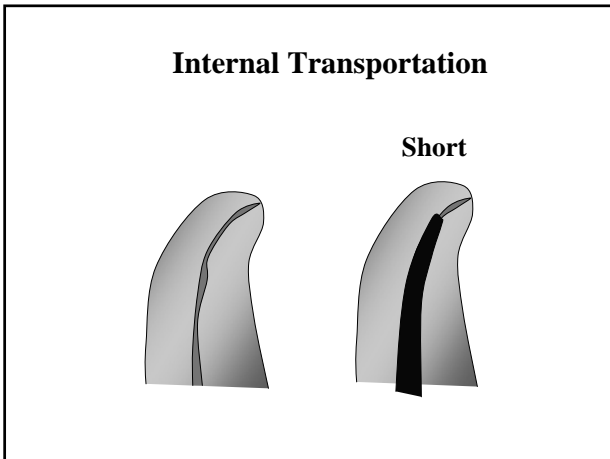
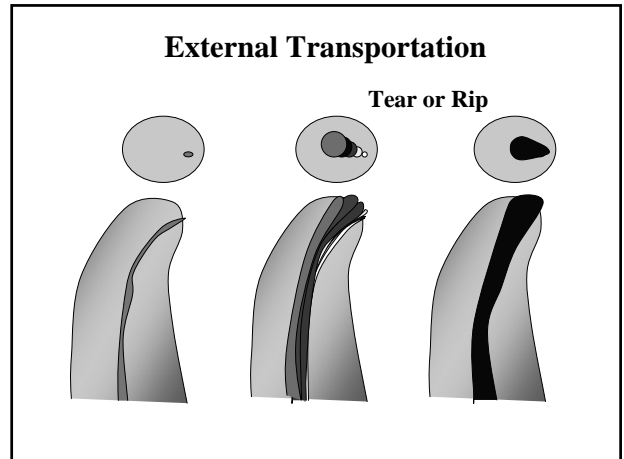
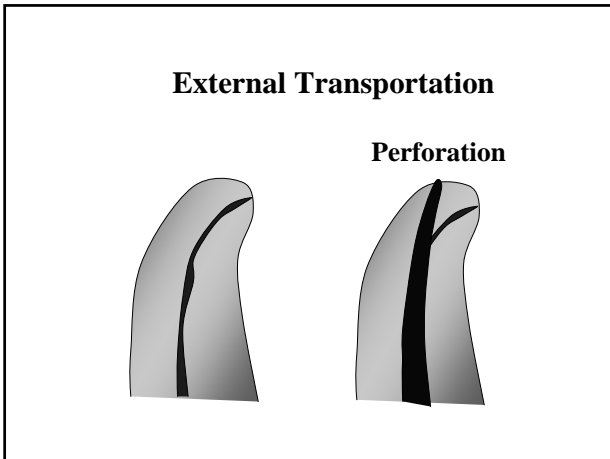
**Type of Transportation**

**External Transportation**

- Perforation
- Tear or Rip

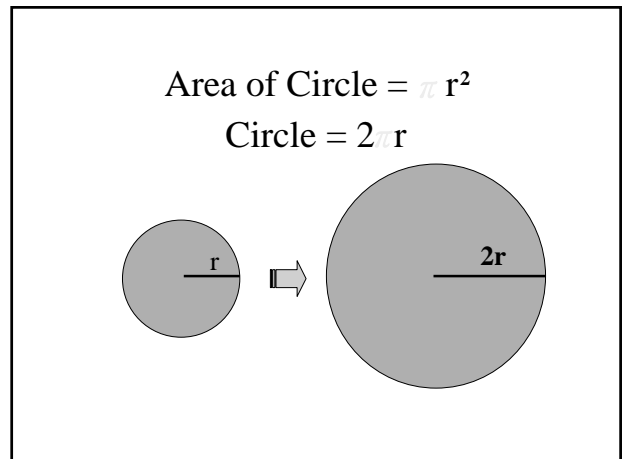
**Internal Transportation**

- Short
- False Path



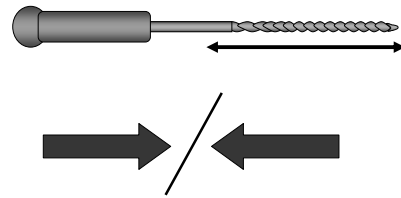
**5.**

The apical opening  
should be kept **as small as  
practical** in all cases

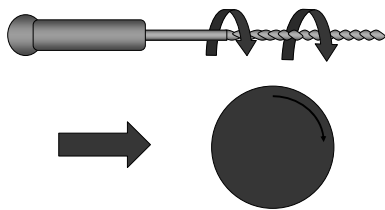


# Motion of Cleaning and Shaping

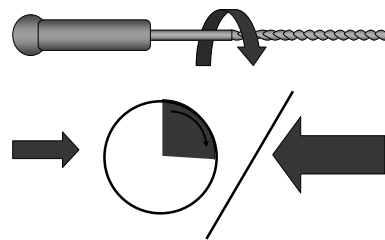
## Filing



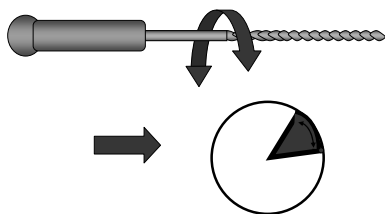
## Reaming



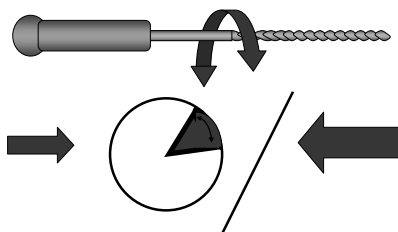
## Turn-and-Pull



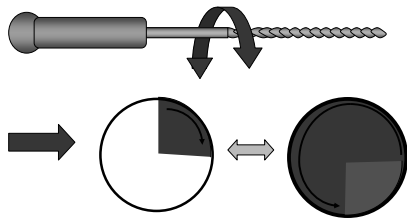
## Watch-winding



## Watch-winding and Pull



### Balanced Force



### Envelope of Motion

